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COMPLETE LISTING OF AMENDED CLAIMS

- 1. (currently amended) A solid or semisolid preparation which is substantially free of volatile organic solvent, said preparation comprising paroxetine hydrochloride or one of its physiologically acceptable salts in the form of a molecular dispersion in a pharmaceutically acceptable matrix material which comprises a completely synthetic polymer having a glass transition temperature of >90°C in the anhydrous state.
- 2. (canceled)
- (currently amended) The preparation of claim 2 claim 1 having an active ingredient release of at least 80% after 30 min.
- 4. (currently amended) A process for producing a <u>solid or semisolid</u> preparation as claimed in claim 1 which is substantially free of volatile organic solvent, said preparation comprising paroxetine or one of its physiologically acceptable salts in the form of a molecular dispersion in a pharmaceutically acceptable matrix material which comprises a completely synthetic polymer having a glass transition temperature of >90°C in the anhydrous state, which process comprises the paroxetine or one of its salts and the matrix material being mixed to give a homogeneous melt in an extruder and subsequently being shaped.
- (previously presented) The process of claim 4 for producing a paroxetine
 hydrochloride preparation, wherein paroxetine is processed with ammonium

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- chloride and the matrix materials to give a homogeneous melt.
- (previously presented) The process of claim 5, wherein amorphous paroxetine or one of its physiologically acceptable salts is employed.
- 7. (previously presented) The process of claim 4, wherein the melt is produced at a temperature in the range of 80 to 150°C.
- 8. (previously presented) The process of claim 4, further comprising applying a vacuum to the extruder while the paroxetine or one of its salts and the matrix material are being mixed if solvents are present therein.
- 9. (previously presented) The preparation of claim 1, which is also free of water.
- 10. (previously presented) The preparation of claim 1, wherein the polymer has a glass transition temperature of >90°C to 110°C in the anhydrous state.
- (previously presented) The preparation of claim 1, wherein the polymer is a copolymer of N-vinylpyrrolidone and vinyl acetate.
- 12. (previously presented) The preparation of claim 11, wherein the polymer is copovidone.
- 13. (previously presented) The preparation of claim 1, which is a solid.